

# IV Semester M.Com. (FA) Examination, June/July 2018 (CBCS)

# Paper - 4.3: INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

## SECTION - A

Answer any seven of the following sub-questions in about 3-4 lines. Each question carries two marks. (7×2=14)

- 1. a) What is cross currency quote?
  - b) What is 'arm-length' price?
  - c) Explain the components of BOP.
  - d) Define international leasing.
  - e) Explain leading and lagging techniques.
  - f) What is meant by covered interest arbitrage?
  - g) What is expropriation?
  - h) What is pegging of currencies?
  - i) Distinguish T.T. buying and T.T. selling rates.
- j) Define currency swap.

#### SECTION - B

Answer any four questions in about one page each. Each question carries five marks. (4×5=20)

- 2. Write a note on foreign currency bonds.
- 3. What is political risk? Explain any one method to measure political risk.
- 4. Differentiate between economic and translation exposures.
- 5. ABC Ltd. has a debt equity ratio of 1: 2 and after tax debt is 8%. Suppose that a foreign project has a Beta of 0.95, the risk free rate of interest is 10% and the required rate of return on market is estimated at 18%, what is the cost of equity and weighted average cost of capital?



6. From the following particulars, calculate the possibilities of arbitrage.

Spor rate – Rs. 66.46/USD

6 months forward rate - Rs. 66.78/USD

Annualised interest rate on 6 months rupee – 12%

Annualised interest rate on 6 months dollar - 8%

Assume an investment of USD 10,000 and determine the profit.

7. Following are the details of cash inflows and outflows in foreign currency denominating of ABC Ltd., an Indian export firm which does not have foreign subsidiaries. (value in lakh)

Currency	Inflow	Outflow	Spor rate Rs.	Forward rate Rs.
USD	400	200	66.78/USD	67.10/USD
F/Fr	200	80 90	12.31/F.Fr	12.45/F.Fr
UK pound	300	200	91.74/£	91.94/£
Japanese Yen (for 100 Yen)	150	250	61.00	61.35

Determine the net exposure of each foreign currency in terms of Rupees.

### SECTION - C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 12 marks. (3×12=36)

- 8. Explain the theory of interest rate parity and enumerate the factors that limits its applicability.
- 9. Describe the various methods of capital budgeting that are normally adopted by MNCs.
- 10. XYZ Ltd., a US firm will need £ 3,00,000 in 180 days. In this connection, the following information is available.

Spor rate	1 £ = 2 USD
180 days forward rate of £ as of today	1 £ = 1.96 USD
Interest rates are as under:	

	U.K.	U.S.A.
180 days deposit rate	4.50%	5.00%
180 days borrowing rate	5.00%	5.50%



A call option on  $\pounds$  that expires in 180 days has an exercise price of USD 1.97 and a premium of USD 0.04.

The company has forecasted the spor rates 180 days hence as under:

Future rate		Probability	
USD	1.91	0.25	
USD	1.95	0.60	
& USD	2.05	0.15	

Which of the following strategies would be most preferable?

- a) Forward contract
- b) Money market hedge
- c) Option contract
- d) No hedge.
- 11. IRP Ltd. is the U.K. subsidiary of an Indian IT company. The company's Balance Sheet is thousands of pound sterlings (£) for 1-1-2016 is given below:

Balance Sheet (000 £)					
Assets		Liabilities			
Cash	1,50,000	Current liability	90,000		
Account receivables	3,30,000	Long term debt	2,40,000		
Inventory	4,80,000	Capital stock	9,30,000		
Net plant and machinery	3,00,000				
	12,60,000		12,60,000		

- a) Determine IRP's accounting exposure on 1-1-2017 using
  - a) Current rate method
  - b) Monetary and non-monetary method.
- b) Calculate the company's contribution to its parent accounting profit/loss if the exchange rate on 31-12-2016 was 1  $\pounds$  = Rs. 82.1545.
- 12. Discuss the features of various international financial instruments.